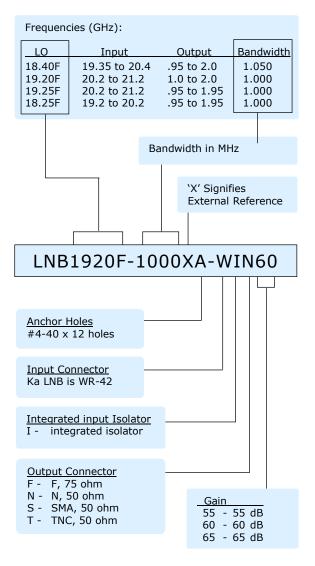
Orbital Ka-ISO Ext Ref Ka LNB with integrated isolator



Orbital Research Ltd #10-3871 North Fraser Way Burnaby, BC V5J5G6

Part number generator



Ka-ISO Features:

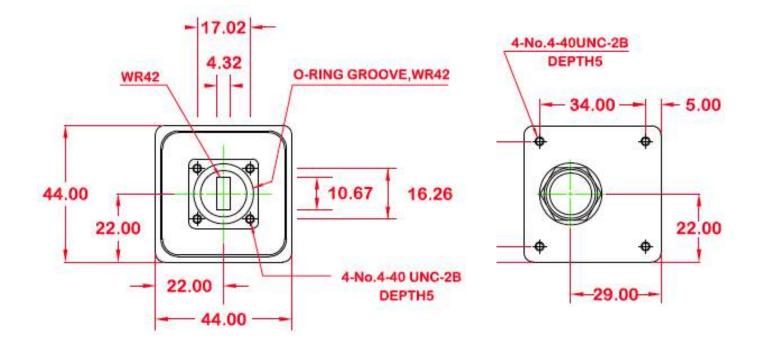
- Integrated input isolator ensures good match and is hermetically sealed
- The DC and 10 MHz are multiplexed onto the output L-Band signal.
- With internal, input isolator, the input VSWR is only 1.4:1 max, nominal 1.25:1 and the noise figure is 1.4 dB max, nominal 1.3 dB.
- Anchor holes on back of LNB for mounting support
- Other frequencies available. Check with Orbital.
- Meets Mil Standard 188-164B specifications.
- Just slightly longer than our 694XA series LNB.

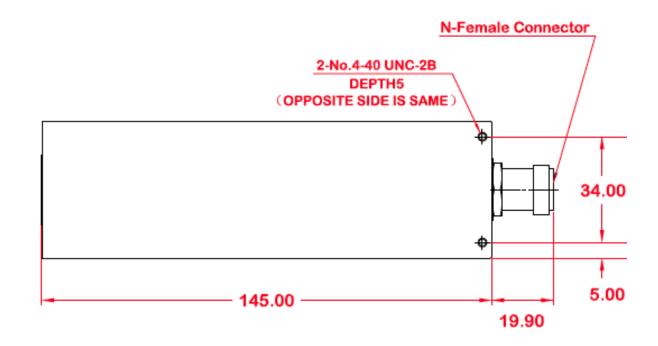


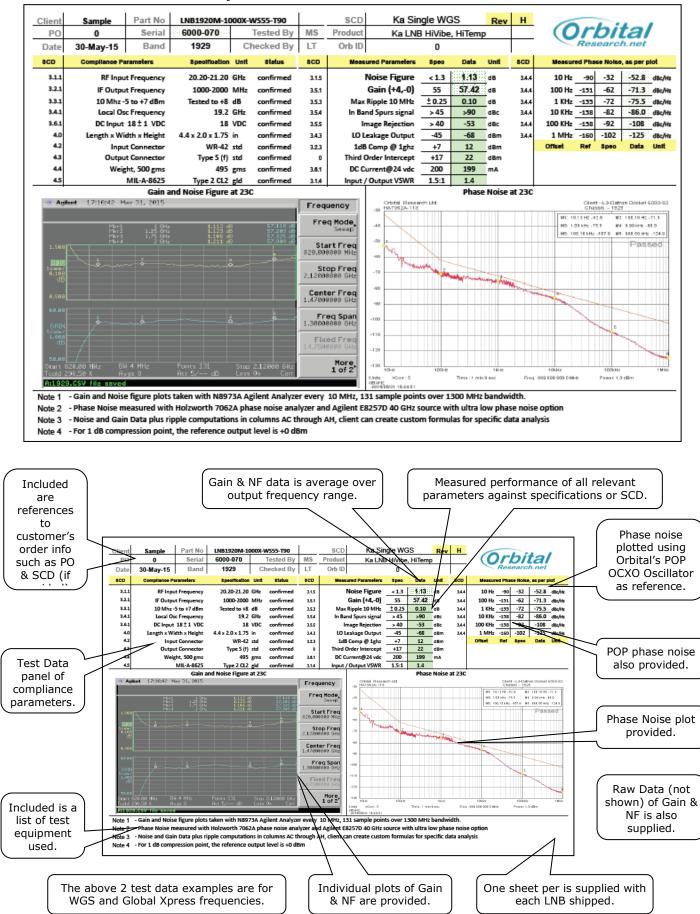
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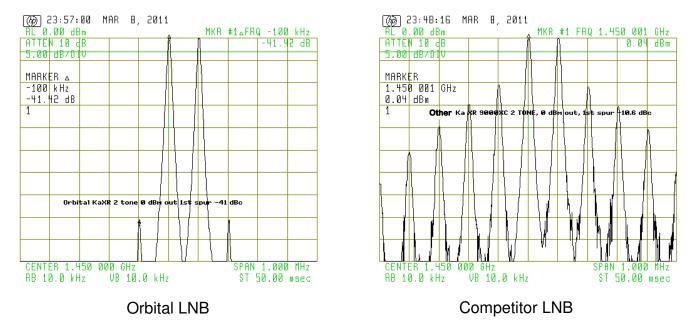




Sample Test Data Sheets for one LNB

Two Tone Test

What it means - The two plots below compare gain linearity for the new Orbital design with competitor designs. Two tones at 20.200000 GHz and 20.200100 GHz are injected into the LNBs to provide 0 dBm out. The first spur in the Orbital design is over -40 dBc down compared to the multiple spurs on the competitive LNB starting at only -10 dB down. Intermodulation (IM) distortion for a given output is reduced in the Orbital LNB while providing higher overall gain (60 dB minimum for the Orbital LNB, versus 55 dB for the competitor LNB).



How it works - The LNB has to amplify the multiple signals from the satellite by a factor of a million (60 dB) without adding significant noise (noise figure), but also to perform this conversion <u>without adding distortion</u>. The above graphs represent the comparative levels of distortion between the Orbital design and competitive designs. Basically, if you put two signals into the LNB, you should get two signals, and only two signals, out. You can imagine the mess using a poor quality LNB when you amplify and convert the dozens or even hundreds of signals

What it shows - While an LNB would never be operated at 0 dBm output level, the test and design represent the linear conversion quality of each LNB and the P1 dB compression point. The Two Tone tests are proxies for the quality of conversion that is absolutely necessary for low bit error rate satellite transmissions. LNB non-linearity starts at much lower levels than 0 dBm output, and the 2 tone test is the best method of comparing the quality of design and manufacture of LNBs. The ultimate benefit to the end user is lower noise figure, higher conversion gain, and most importantly, lower bit error rate for their digital transmissions.

Orbital Ka Isolator

from the satellite.

Until recently, Orbital has been adding an input isolator to the LNB when required by the customer. Because of recent proprietary improvements in isolator design, Orbital has been able to reduce the width of the isolator so that it can fit inside the case of a standard LNB (without the load sticking out sideways). This gives the added benefit of sealing the isolator into the case with the LNB.

Specifications

Frequency Range

Frequence Input RF F Output IF Local Frequ LO Stabilit	requency: Frequency: uency:	See first page 950 to 1950 MHz, or 1000 to 2000 MHz See first page Phase locked to external 10 MHz reference			10 MHz Ro Insertion: Input Leve Phase Nois		Mu coa el: -5 se: -13 -14 -15	ICE: Itiplexed onto the IF axial connector to +5 dBm 35dBc/Hz max. @ 100 Hz 48dBc/Hz max. @ 1 kHz 52dBc/Hz max. @ 10 kHz 55 dBc/Hz max. @ 100 kHz
<u>Gain:</u> Gain: Flatness: Ripple: Stability:	60 dB ±4dB max. over temp & freq ±1.5 dB max over freq ±0.15 dB per 10 MHz ±0.25dB max over 24hr @ +25°C				Mechanical:Dimensions:44 x 44 x 128 mmColor:White or blue (standard)Weight:485 grams TBCAnchor holes:#4 threaded (4-40) x 12			
VSWR: Input: 1.4:1 max (integrated input isolator) 1.25:1 nominal Output: 1.8:1 max Moise Figure 1.4 dB max Amplitude Response: 10 MHz Band: ±0.3dB max					+23	3°C	-62 -72 -82 -92	LO MHz Phase Noise: 2 dBc/Hz max. @ 100 Hz 2 dBc/Hz max. @ 1 kHz 2 dBc/Hz max. @ 10 kHz 2 dBc/Hz max. @ 100 kHz 02 dBc/Hz max. @ 1 MHz
120 MHz Band: ±1.0dB max Receive Band: ±1.5dB max Input: WR-42 waveguide flange with O- ring groove & threaded screw holes (#4-40 UNC x .38 deep thread)					Power:DC in:+12 to +24 VDC, 300mAInterface:DC power is multiplexed with the IF & 10 MHz reference signals on the output connector			
•	N, 50Ω female coax connector. Optional: SMA (50Ω) & F (75Ω)				<u>Other Specs:</u> LO Leakage: Output: -45 dBm min			
Environmental:Operating Temp:-40°C to +60°COperating Altitude:10,000 ft ASLOperating Rel Humidity:100% condensingNon-operating Temp:-50°C to +70°CF Shock:10g, 11ms, half sineMTBF:>125,000 hoursStandards Compliant to:RoHS & REACH					Input: -45 dBm max at waveguide flange Image Rejection: -45 dB min P1 dB comp pt: +10 dBm min 3 rd order ICP: +20 dBm min Overdrive: -20 dBm, non-damaging Spurious: Input Spurious level of -85 dBm equates to <-140 dBm Desense level: -50dBm transmit signal level results in no more than 0.1dB of NF degradation			

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Orbital_Ka-ISO_Ka_Ext_Ref_LNB-170116